

Seasonal Influenza Vaccination & Pneumococcal Vaccination Arrangement for 2021/22



Vaccination Programmes/Schemes in 2021/22

1. Government Vaccination Programme (GVP)

(including Residential Care Home Vaccination

Programme, RVP)

2. Vaccination Subsidy Scheme (VSS)



3. School Outreach (For Seasonal Influenza Vaccination only)





Seasonal Influenza Vaccination (SIV)





Review of SIV statistics in 2020/21





SI Vaccines in 2020/21 had expired on 31 July 2021

Total 1 325 400 doses of SIV were given in 2020/21 under GVP, VSS and School Outreach (Free of Charge) (Total doses decreased by 5.3% as compared with 2019/20)

Government Vaccination Programme (GVP) 547 200

Vaccination Subsidy Schemes (VSS) 527 400

School Outreach (Free of Charge) 250 800





SIV Programmes in 2021/22





Scientific Committee on Vaccine Preventable Diseases Recommendations (April 2021)

- Egg-based quadrivalent seasonal influenza vaccine (Northern Hemisphere winter) contains the following:
 - ✓ an A/Victoria/2570/2019 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus
 - ✓ an A/Cambodia/e0826360/2020 (H3N2)-like virus
 - ✓ a B/Washington/02/2019-like virus (B/Victoria lineage)
 - ✓ a B/Phuket/3073/2013-like virus (B/Yamagata lineage)





Scientific Committee on Vaccine Preventable Diseases Recommendations (April 2021)

- Recombinant-based quadrivalent SIV contains the following:
 - ✓ an A/Wisconsin/588/2019 (H1N1)pdm09-like virus
 - ✓ an A/Cambodia/e0826360/2020 (H3N2)-like virus
 - ✓ a B/Washington/02/2019-like virus (B/Victoria lineage)
 - ✓ a B/Phuket/3073/2013-like virus (B/Yamagata lineage)
- Inactivated influenza vaccine (IIV), live attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV) and recombinant influenza vaccine (RIV) are recommended for use in Hong Kong
- For the 2021/22 season, all SIV that would make available for the were quadrivalent





Highlight of 2021/22 SIV Programmes

Major eligible groups same as 2020/21

SIV School Outreach (Free of Charge):

- Vaccine procurement: To extend the vaccine procurement by the Government to both primary schools and KG/CCC
- Vaccine delivery: To extend the vaccine delivery by the Government to cover all first dose activities for both primary schools and KG/CCs; while for the second dose, allow PPP doctors to choose delivery by the Government or self-delivery to schools to allow more flexibility





Government Vaccination Programme (GVP)

Free vaccination to eligible groups

> at HA and DH premises

Major eligible groups same as 2020/21

> at institutions under RVP





Eligible groups of GVP 2021/22

Priority groups recommended by Scientific Committee on Vaccine Preventable Diseases		Eligible groups of Government Vaccination Programme 2020/21	
1. Pregnant women		Pregnant women who are Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) recipients or holders of valid Certificate for Waiver of Medical Charges (Certificate)	
2. Residents of Residential Care Homes		Residents of Residential Care Homes (for the Elderly or Persons with Disabilities)	
3. Persons aged 50 years or above		 Elderly* aged 65 years or above Aged 50 years to under 65 who are CSSA recipients or valid Certificate** holders 	
4. Persons with chronic medical problems		Existing patients of the designated public clinics, who are CSSA recipients or valid Certificate** holders and have high-risk conditions#	
		Existing patients of the designated public clinics, who are recipients of standard rate of "100% disabled" or "requiring constant attendance" under CSSA	
		In-patients (including paediatric patients) of Hospital Authority (HA) with high-risk conditions# (e.g. those in infirmary, psycho-geriatric, mentally ill or mentally handicapped units/wards)	
		Paediatric out-patients with high-risk conditions# or on long-term aspirin therapy	
		Disability Allowance recipients or persons with intellectual disability who are existing clients of HA, clinics of Department of Health (DH), designated day centres, sheltered workshops or special schools	



Eligible groups of GVP 2021/22

	HCWs of DH, HA, Residential Care Homes (for the Elderly or Persons with Disabilities), Residential Child Care Centres (RCCCs) or other Government departments	
₽ 1 28	 Children aged 6 months to under 12 years from families receiving CSSA or holding valid Certificate** (Students of schools participating in 2020/21 Seasonal Influenza Vaccination School Outreach (Free of Charge) may also receive free vaccination at School Outreach) Residents of RCCCs 	
	Poultry workers or workers who may be involved in poultry-culling operations	
	Pig farmers and pig-slaughtering industry personnel	

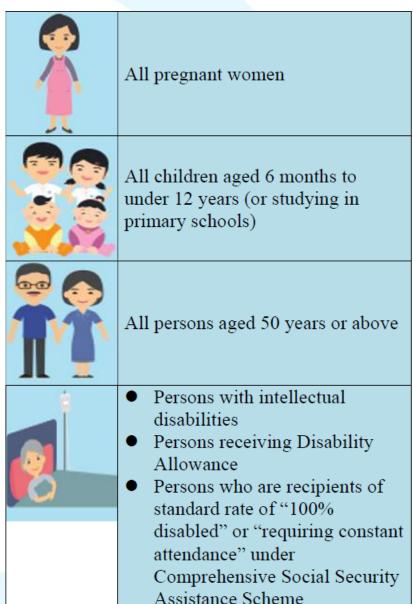




Eligible groups of VSS

- Subsidised

 vaccination to
 eligible groups by
 private doctors
- Covers persons
 who are recipients
 of standard rate of
 "100% disabled" or
 "requiring constant
 attendance" under
 CSSA

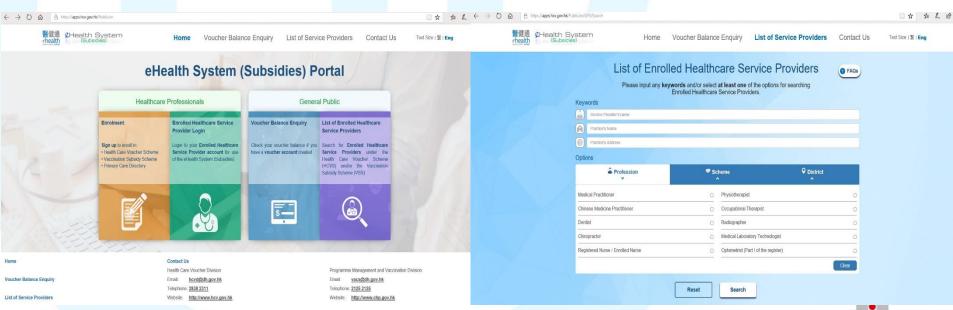






VSS

- SIV subsidy level will remain the same
- Private doctors (VSS doctors) may or may not charge extra fee, which would be displayed in the eHealth System (Subsidies) for public's information
- List of private doctors enrol as service providers can be found in eHealth System (Subsidies) webpage







High-risk conditions (under GVP/VSS)

High-risk conditions include both risk factors for seasonal influenza and invasive pneumococcal diseases

- History of invasive pneumococcal disease, cerebrospinal fluid leakage or cochlear implant
- Chronic cardiovascular (except hypertension without complications), lung, liver or kidney diseases
- Metabolic diseases including diabetes mellitus or obesity (Body Mass Index 30 or above)
- Immunocompromised states related to weakened immune system due to conditions such as asplenia, Human Immunodeficiency Virus infection/ Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome or cancer/ steroid treatment;
- Chronic neurological conditions that can compromise respiratory functions or the handling of respiratory secretions, or increase the risk of aspiration, or those who lack the ability to take care of themselves
- Children and adolescents (aged 6 months to 18 years) on long-term aspirin therapy



School Outreach

(I) 2021/22 School Outreach (Free of Charge)

- Vaccine procurement: To extend the vaccine procurement by the Government to both primary schools and KG/CCC
- Vaccine delivery: To extend the vaccine delivery by the Government to cover all
 first dose activities for both primary schools and KG/CCs; while for the second
 dose, allow PPP doctors to choose delivery by the Government or self-delivery to
 schools to allow more flexibility
- Service providers: Public-private-partnership (PPP) vaccination teams & DH teams
- No quota for participating schools
- Free vaccination for all students in participating schools, irrespective of HK resident status
- As at early-August 2021, around 480 primary schools & 770 KG/CCC have enrolled to the programme

(II) VSS School Outreach (Extra Charge Allowed)



Types of SIVs used under GVP, VSS, and School Outreach

- Inactivated influenza vaccine (IIV)
 - Administered through injection
 - Can be used for persons aged 6 months and above
- Live attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV)
 - Administered intranasally
 - ➤ Indicated for 2 49 years of age, except: those who are pregnant, immunocompromised, or with other contraindications



Types of SIVs used under GVP, VSS, and School Outreach

- Recombinant influenza vaccine (RIV)
 - Administered through injection
 - Can be used in individuals of 18 years or above



Types of SIVs used under GVP, VSS, and School Outreach

Programme(s)	Type of vaccines	
• GVP		
 School Outreach (Free of charge) – Primary School Outreach 	IIV (quadrivalent) only	
 VSS clinics and outreach vaccination VSS School Outreach (Extra Charge Allowed) 	Private doctors (VSS doctors) can choose to use IIV, LAIV and RIV (quadrivalent) as appropriate	
 School Outreach (Free of charge) – KG/CCC 	PPP doctors can choose to use IIV or LAIV (quadrivalent) as appropriate	





Reinforce Public Education





Public education and risk communication

- Work closely with health care sectors, community partners and education sectors to promote vaccination
- Publicise through multiple channels

1) Publicity Channels

- Websites
- TV and radio
- Public transport
- Health education infoline
- Newspapers and newsletters
- Media interviews
- Social media / digital (Facebook, Yahoo, You tube & Instagram)





2) Health Education Materials

- Leaflets and posters
- > TV & radio API
- Videos
- Frequently Asked Questions













3) Promotion Activities

- Senior officials taking the lead to have the vaccination
- Appeal to stake holders (including medical schools, nursing schools, doctors' organisations, HA, DH and other government departments) for encouraging their students/ members/ colleagues to get vaccination



Reasons for receiving / not receiving SIV (General Public)

Reasons for receiving

- 32.8% believed that vaccination is effective in reducing the risk of flu/ease flu-like symptoms
- 21.3% worry of getting flu/peak flu season
- 17.5% recommended by health care workers
- 16.6% have a habit to receive the vaccination every year
- 13.5% know there is free / subsidised vaccination

Reasons for not receiving

- 45.9% perceive themselves as being healthy and will not easily get the flu
- 14.1% are concerned about effectiveness of SIV
- 10.4% are concerned about the safety of SIV
- 9.7% consider vaccine is expensive
- 8.5% have no time

Source: Seasonal influenza vaccination coverage survey for the 2015/16 season. Reported on Communicable Disease Watch. Dec 18 – Dec 31, 2016



Scientific Committee on Vaccine Preventable Diseases (SCVPD) Recommendations on SIV for 2021/22

- In the context of the global pandemic of COVID-19, health workers, older adults and pregnant women are prioritised to access and receive SIV
- SIV can reduce the risk of influenza infection and related complications, and relieve the burden on healthcare system during the COVID-19 pandemic





SCVPD Recommendations on SIV for 2021/22

- All members of the public aged 6
 months or above, except those with
 known contraindications, should
 receive seasonal influenza
 vaccination annually for personal
 protection
- People who are in the priority groups are generally at increased risk of severe influenza or transmitting influenza to those at high risk.
 Therefore, they shall have higher priority for seasonal influenza vaccination







Role of Health Care Workers in promoting SIV

Promote SIV to patients

- Be proactive in promoting, especially to persons in the priority groups
- Clarify main concerns about effectiveness and safety of the vaccination

Get vaccination themselves

- Reduce morbidity related to respiratory infections
- Reduce risk of transmitting influenza to patients who are at high-risk of complications and mortality
- Strengthen capacity during peak season





Pneumococcal Vaccination (PV) for the Elderly





PV Programmes in 2021/22

Same arrangement as 2020/21

Elderly aged 65 years or above	Have never received pneumococcal vaccination	Have received 23vPPV	Have received PCV13
With high- risk conditions	One dose of free or subsidised PCV 13 followed by one dose of 23vPPV one year after	One dose of free or subsidised PCV13 mop- up vaccination one year after the previous dose of 23vPPV	One dose of free or subsidised 23vPPV one year after the previous dose of PCV13
Without high-risk conditions	Continue to provide one dose of free or subsidized 23vPPV	No need to re-vaccinate	No need to re-vaccinate



PV Programmes in 2021/22

No change in eligibility under GVP and VSS





Vaccination Programmes Start Dates

Will start on 6 Oct 2021

- Government Vaccination Programme
- Vaccination Subsidy Scheme
- 2021/22 SIV SchoolOutreach (Free of charge)KG/CCC

Will start on 13 Oct 2021

2021/22 SIV School
 Outreach (Free of charge)
 Primary School
 Outreach





Thank You

Please visit CHP website for more details: https://www.chp.gov.hk/en/features/17980.html



Programme Management and Vaccination Division Enquiry Line: 2125 2125





