

Vaccine storage requirement

Briefing for VSS doctors
July 2023





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Background

- Storage and handling errors reduce vaccine potency, affect immune response and poor protection against disease
- The impact of thermal damage (exposure to temperatures outside +2°C to +8°C) varies for each vaccine.
- Once a vaccine has been thermally compromised, its loss of potency cannot be reversed. Single exposure to 0°C can destroy potency.



Background

- Purpose-built vaccine refrigerators (PBVR) are specifically designed to store vaccines and should be used for all vaccine storage
- Provide a stable, uniform and controlled temperature throughout the unit

Reference:

https://www.health.gov.au/sites/default/files/documents/2020/04/national-vaccine-storage-guidelines-strive-for-5.pdf

https://www.hse.ie/eng/health/immunisation/hcpinfo/vaccineordering/sopnio01.pdf

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/223753/Green_Book_Chapter_3_v3_0W.pdf https://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/publichealth/oph_standards/docs/reference/vaccine%20_storage_handling_guidelines_en.pdf





Progress of changing to PBVR

- Notified all enrolled VSS doctors in 30 July 2021 have to use PBVR for vaccine storage by year 2023/24.
- Progress of changing PBVR
 - Collection fridge information exercise from all enrolled practices





For VSS applicants only

Appendix A(i)

Application by Health Care Provider for Enrolment in the Vaccination Subsidy Scheme (VSS)

Record of the Vaccine Storage Refrigerator

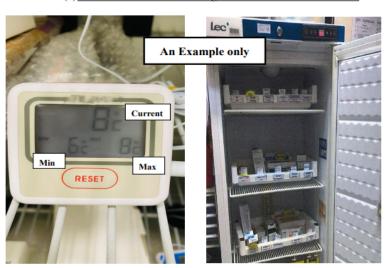
Doctors enrolled in VSS have to use Purpose-built vaccine refrigerators (PBVR) for vaccine storage by 2023/24 vaccination season. For further details regarding vaccine storage under VSS, please refer to Chapter 6 of the VSS Doctor's Guide – Requirements on vaccine storage and handling under VSS (https://www.chp.gov.hk/files/pdf/vssdg_ch6_vaccine_storage_and_handling.pdf).

For record and follow-up purpose, please complete this form, supplemented with:-

- (1) One photo of the interior of the refrigerator currently used for vaccine storage at your clinic; and
- (2) One photo of the temperature monitoring device AND temperature record

Should you have any enquiries, please contact Ms. TAM at 3975 4848 or Ms. CHAN at 3975 4846.

(1) Photo of the interior of the refrigerator and Max-min thermometer



Fridge Brand Name:	Doctor's Name:
Fridge Model No.:	Contact Phone number:
Signature:	Date:

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(2) Photo or copy of the temperature record kept in the clinic

貯存疫苗的雪櫃溫度檢查表

An Example only

- 1. 所有疫苗(季節性流感疫苗及肺炎球菌疫苗),須保存於攝氏 +2℃ 至 +8℃ 雪櫃內備用。
- 須毎日檢查三次(上午、中午及下午各一次) 雪櫃内的 現時溫度、雪櫃最高及最低溫度,並記錄在本表格上。請於每次記錄雪櫃溫度後,重置最高最底溫度計。
- 3. 請保留此記錄至少一年,以便有需要時作參考。

**註: 如雪櫃溫度 低於攝氏+2 度 或 高於攝氏+8 度

- 1. 請暫勿使用受影響的疫苗,並應將疫苗立即存放於攝氏+2 度至+8 度的雪櫃。
- 2. 請通知診所醫生及向疫苗供應商查詢
- 3. 在'温度超温事故報告表'填寫有關事故並傳真至項目管理及疫苗計劃科

日期	檢查 雪櫃 時間 現		雪櫃內溫度		記錄人員			
		現時	最高	最低	姓名	職位	簽署	備註
15-08-2022	09:00	5.3	6	4.1				
15-08-2022	13:00	5.4	6	4.1				
15-08-2022	17:00	5.4	6	4.1				

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- Collection the fridge information from enrolled VSS practices starting from May 2022
- Items collected:
 - Fridge photo
 - Temperature monitoring device photo
 - Temperature record
- The type of fridge using of enrolled VSS practices (as at 30 June)

PBVR	%	Domestic Fridge	0/	Bar Fridge	%	Others	%
3,411	88.32%	448	11.59%	0	0.00%	7	0.18%





Progress of changing to PBVR

- Non-PBVR using practices are reminded to change their fridge to PBVR earlier.
- To provide ample time for PBVR ordering and delivery
- Once replaced by PBVR, please send the fridge photo, temperature monitoring device and temperature record to PMVD for record
 - Fax number: 2544 3927
 - Email: pilotsiv@dh.gov.hk





Vaccine storage requirement under VSS

- All doctors under VSS:
 - Select and use the PBVR to store vaccines.
 - Do not use a domestic fridge for vaccine storage
 - Monitor vaccine temperature continuously
 - Written protocols for Vaccine Handling and
 Management of Cold chain breach



2022/23 Vaccination Subsidy Scheme Doctors' Guide





Department of Health

↑ Home > Feature Topic > Vaccination Schemes > 2022/23 Vaccination Subsidy Scheme Doctors' Guide

2022/23 Vaccination Subsidy Scheme Doctors' Guide





2 November 2022

Cover and Table of Content

Disclaimer

List of Acronyms

Quick Guide

Chapter 1 - Vaccines covered, subsidy level and eligible groups under VSS

Chapter 2 - Participating in VSS

Chapter 3 - VSS at Non-clinic Settings

Chapter 4 - Forms and Documents

Chapter 5 - References and List of Appendices

Chapter 6 - Requirements on Vaccine Storage and Handling under VSS



Appendix A: "Consent to Use Vaccination Subsidy" Form and Types of Identity Documents Accepted under Vaccination Subsidy Scheme

Appendix B: Diagnostic Criteria of Intellectual Disability

Appendix C: Persons with Intellectual Disability (PID) Status

Appendix D: Documentary Proof for Persons receiving Disability Allowance / standard rate of "100% disabled" or "requiring constant attendance" under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance ("CSSA") Scheme of the Social Welfare Department

Appendix E: Post-payment Checking

Appendix F: Monitoring and Management of Adverse Events Following Vaccination

Appendix G: Guideline for Temporary Storage of Clinical Waste Generated in Outreach Vaccination Activities (Provided by the Environmental Protection Department)

Appendix H: Vaccination Guide for Co-Administration of Seasonal Influenza Vaccine and COVID-19 Vaccines at Same Visit

Please check the VSS Doctors' Guide regularly for the most current version



- PBVR-also referred to as pharmacy or laboratory refrigerators
- The PBVR should have the following features:
 - Microprocessor-based temperature control system
 - Narrow tolerances with internal temperatures, providing appropriate temperature regulation
 - Forced air circulation system to main promoting stable and uniform temperature
 - Digital temperature monitoring system with an alarm
 - High /Low Temperature audible alarms
 - Power failure





Other features

- A display with current, max. and min. temperature providing a convenient means to monitor the temperature and to facilitate manual recording
- Open door sensor/alarm which alerts the user that the fridge door is not properly closed
- Locking mechanisms that restrict access









Non-compliance refrigerators

- Commercial display refrigerators (should not be used)
- Missing fans or advanced control mechanisms to maintain temperature uniformity



Wine Cooler







- Keep vaccines in their original packaging
- Check the packaging and product insert for the storage condition
- Place vaccines in the center of the refrigerator, and position away from walls and doors.
- Remove any expired vaccines
- Connect vaccine refrigerators to a dedicated electric

circuit

Store refrigerated at 2°C to 8°C (36°F to 46°F). DO NOT FREEZE. Discard if frozen. Protect syringe from light.







Temperature monitoring

Max-min monitor (in-built)

Data logger (in-built)

Displaying the current, max. and min. temperature

- Records high and low temperature fluctuation over a period (after the reset to the record time)
- Manually record the readings

Displaying current temperature, provided most accurate storage temperature information

- Programmed by the user to measure and record temperatures at least every 30 minutes
- Downloaded at least weekly (or more often if required)





Temperature monitoring device (External)

- External temperature data logger / digital max-min thermometer to monitor the vaccine temperature if necessary
- Regular thermometers should <u>not</u> be used because they only show the temperature at the exact time













Temperature record

- The 1-year-record can provide a comprehensive vaccine storage temperature readings that could facilitate the the manufacturers to access the stability and effectiveness of the multiple excursion vaccines
- The "Temperature Chart" should be posted at visible location such as the refrigerator door





VSS Outreach (Non-Clinic)

- Prepare the vaccine order and delivery in advance
- Consider the cold chain (within 2 to 8°C) maintenance and duration of outreach activity
- The vaccines if is taken from clinic, should be stored in clinic's PBVR
- Proper monitoring of the temperature throughout the activity





VSS Outreach (Non-Clinic)

- Appropriate equipment should be used for vaccine transport and on-site storage.
- These includes:
 - Cold boxes
 - Ice packs
 - Temperature data loggers / maximum-minimum thermometers
 - Insulating materials (e.g. bubble wrap or Styrofoam)
- The setup should be tested for insulation time and temperature stability before it is used.
- Place the device temperature probe in the center





Principles for Packing A Cold Box Conditioned Ice Packs Adequate insulating material between Insulation Material conditioned ice packs & vaccines to e.g. polystyrene chips, plastic bubble-wrap or towel prevent freezing Freeze-tolerant vaccines closer to ice packs Freeze-tolerant Vaccines Max./min. thermometer in the centre of vaccines Freeze-sensitive vaccines in the centre Freeze-sensitive Vaccines Freeze-tolerant Vaccines Conditioned Ice Packs Conditioned Ice Packs N.B.

- Conditioned ice packs are frozen ice packs having been exposed to room temperature for 15 minutes to 1 hour, depending on the room temperature, until water drops appearing on the exterior surface and movements of water being heard when the ice packs are shaken
- If the ice box is small, put ice packs on top and bottom only
- ♦ If heat and freeze indicators are available, use them in ice box when transporting vaccines



Points to note

- Vaccine storage: PBVR
 - Keep vaccines / pharmaceutical products only
 - Wine cooler and display cabinet shall not be used
 - Continuous monitoring the storage temperature
 - Keep temperature record
- Inspection findings from previous outreach activities:
 - Max-min thermometer without reset
 - Temperature probe misplaced
 - Ad-hoc borrow the on-site domestic fridge for temporary storage



THANK YOU

