

Avian Influenza Report

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Reporting period: May 3, 2015 – May 9, 2015 (Week 19)
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Summary

1. There were no new human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported by the World Health Organization (WHO).[#]
2. From 2010 to 2014, 32 to 62 confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) were reported to WHO annually (according to onset date). In 2015 (as of May 9), 125 cases were reported by WHO* and one additional case was reported by the National Health and Family Planning Commission (NHFPC) (according to onset date).
3. Since the previous issue of Avian Influenza Report, 5 new human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) with onset of symptoms between March 27 and April 12 were reported by NHFPC. The cases were from Zhejiang (2), Fujian (1), Jiangsu (1) and Anhui (1). Since March 2013 (as of May 11, 2015), there were a total of 660 cases reported globally. In the third wave since November 2014 (as of May 11, 2015), 200 cases have been reported in the Mainland.

[#] Since November 21, 2012, WHO only publishes information on human cases with avian influenza A(H5N1) infection in “[Influenza at human - animal interface: Monthly Risk Assessment Summary](#)”. Only cases of human infection with H5N1 involved in events that are unusual or associated with potential increased risks will be reported in Disease Outbreak News.

* According to the latest [report](#) published on March 31, 2015.

This week's highlights

(as of May 11, 2015) (Sources: WHO, NHFPC, Mainland health authorities, Centre for Health Protection (CHP) and World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE))

Table 1. Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) / avian influenza A(H7N9)

	No. of H5N1 cases (No. of deaths)	No. of H7N9 cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	0(0)	0(0)	-

Table 2. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	-	0(0)	-

For the cumulative no. of human cases by place, please refer to [WHO/WPRO](#) website.

Table 3. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9)

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Province / Region / Municipality	City / District / Area	Age (years)	Sex	Condition at time of reporting	Date of report
New cases	Mainland China	5(2)	Anhui	Huaibei	3	M	Stable	10/5/2015
			Jiangsu	Nantong	37	F	Fatal	10/5/2015
			Fujian	Quanzhou	5	F	Recovered	10/5/2015
			Zhejiang	Jiaxing	67	M	Serious	10/5/2015
			Zhejiang	Jiashan County	52	M	Fatal	10/5/2015

Geographical distribution of human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) reported in Guangdong since November 2014 (latest case was reported on 7/3/2015)

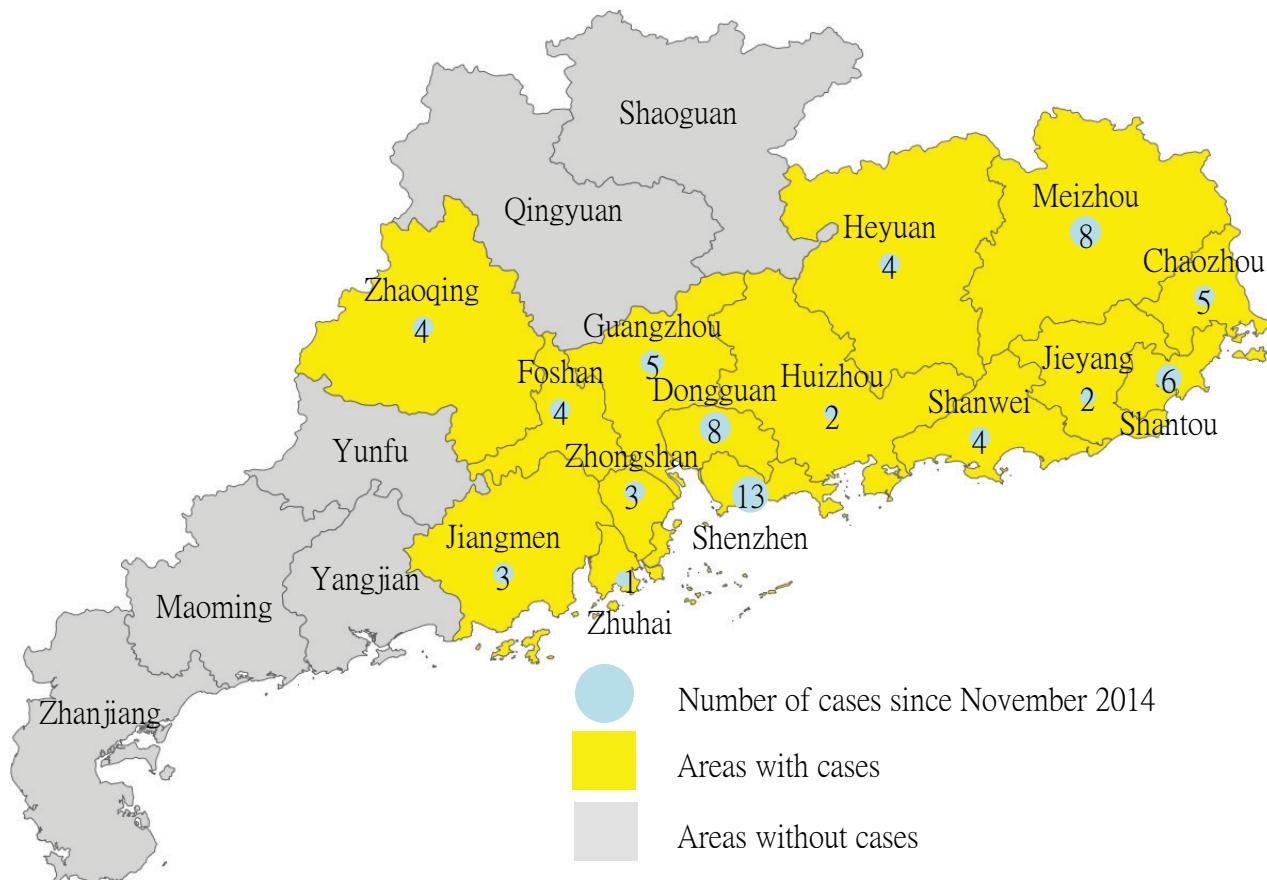


Table 4. Cumulative numbers of confirmed cases of human infection with avian influenza A(H7N9) since 2013 and since November 2014 respectively

Confirmed H7N9 human cases have been reported in the following countries / areas	Cumulative no. of cases since 2013 (660 cases in total) (as of May 11, 2015)	Cumulative no. of cases since November 2014 (205 cases in total) (as of May 11 , 2015)
Mainland China	Guangdong Province	181
	Zhejiang Province	179
	Jiangsu Province	74
	Fujian Province	62
	Shanghai Municipality	47
	Hunan Province	26
	Anhui Province	25
	Jiangxi Province	11
	Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region	10
	Shandong Province	7
	Beijing Municipality	5
	Henan Province	4
	Guangxi Province	3
	Jilin Province	2
	Guizhou Province	2
	Hebei Province	1
	Hubei Province	1
Canada	2*	2*
Hong Kong	13*	3*
Malaysia	1*	-
Taiwan	4*	-

* All cases imported from Mainland China

Table 5. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A infections other than avian influenza A(H5N1 / H7N9) reported in the past 6 months

	Place of occurrence	No. of cases (No. of deaths)	Details
In this reporting period	-	0(0)	-
Previously reported cases (in the past 6 months)	Mainland China	2(1)	Avian influenza A(H5N6): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▫ Guangdong Province: A 58-year-old man, reported on December 23, 2014ⁱ ▫ Yunnan Province: A 44-year-old man, reported on February 9, 2015ⁱⁱ

Table 6. Hong Kong: Confirmed reports of avian influenza A(H5) or avian influenza A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds since 2014

	No. of reports of H5 in poultry / wild birds	No. of reports of H7N9 in poultry / wild birds	Details
In this reporting period	0	0	-
Cumulative since 2014	2*	2#	-

* The Government confirmed on April 9, 2015 that the carcass of a peregrine falcon found at a construction site in Hung Shui Kiu, Yuen Long was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed that the carcass of an oriental magpie robin found in Sai Kung on April 29, 2015 was tested positive for H5N6 virus.

The Government confirmed on January 27, 2014 that a number of samples from a batch of live chickens imported from a registered poultry farm in Shunde District of Foshan City in Guangdong were tested positive for H7N9 virus.

The Government found on December 30, 2014 a number of samples from a consignment of live chickens from a registered farm in Huicheng District of Huizhou in Guangdong tested positive for H7N9 virus.

ⁱ CHP notified by GHFPC of a confirmed human case of avian influenza A(H5N6) in Guangdong.

ⁱⁱ CHP notified by NHFPC of a confirmed fatal human case of avian influenza A(H5N6) in Yunnan.

Table 7. Outside Hong Kong: Confirmed avian influenza A(H5), A(H7N9) or other highly pathogenic avian influenza in poultry / wild birds reported in this week

Places of occurrence	No. of reports of H5N1	No. of reports of H5N2	No. of reports of H5N8	Details
Turkey, United States, Burkina Faso, Taiwan	3	2	1	<p>Turkey: Samples from poultry in Kastamonu Province and Balikesir Province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1). (<i>OIE</i>, May 4 and May 11, 2015)</p> <p>United States: Samples from poultry in Minnesota State, Iowa State and Wisconsin State, and samples from birds in Kentucky State and Minnesota State were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2). (<i>OIE</i>, May 8, 2015)</p> <p>United States: Samples from poultry in Indiana State were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8). (<i>United States Department of Agriculture</i>, May 11, 2015)</p> <p>Burkina Faso: Samples from poultry in Kadiogo Province, Nahouri Province and Boulkiemde Province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1). (<i>OIE</i>, May 9, 2015)</p> <p>Taiwan: Samples from poultry in Pingtung County, Yunlin County and Kaohsiung, and samples from birds in Changhua County were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2). (<i>OIE</i>, May 11, 2015)</p>

For cumulative reports of avian influenza A(H5N1) or A(H7N9) in poultry / wild birds, please refer to the [OIE](#) website.

Table 8. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by onset date)[§]

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Overall
Cases	4	46	98	115	88	44	73	48	62	32	39	52	126 [#]	827 [#]
Deaths	4	32	43	79	59	33	32	24	34	20	25	22	33	440
Case Fatality Rate	100%	69.6%	43.9%	68.7%	67.0%	75.0%	43.8%	50.0%	54.8%	62.5%	64.1%	42.3%	26.2%	53.2%

[§] Further breakdown by countries is available at [WHO](#) website

[#] Including one case reported by NHFPC previously

Table 9. Countries / areas with documented avian influenza A H5N1, H7N9 or other highly pathogenic avian influenza cases in the recent 6 months (including infections in birds/humans and relevant environmental samples) (Sources: WHO, OIE, NHFPC and official websites; Blue color: Avian influenza A(H7N9) affected area (may also include other non-H5N1 highly pathogenic avian influenza A); Red color: Avian influenza A(H7N9) and avian influenza A(H5N1) affected area (may also include other non-H5N1 highly pathogenic avian influenza A)) * Most recent occurrence in that country / area. (as of May 11, 2015)

Italics: Not listed as an affected area because the case was imported.

Country/ Area	Date of last report	Human cases	Poultry cases/ environmental samples	Wild bird cases/others
Bhutan	16/04/2015	N	Y* ⁱⁱⁱ	N
Bulgaria	26/03/2015	N	Y ^{iv}	Y* ^v
Burkina Faso	09/05/2015	N	Y* ^{vi}	N
Canada	01/05/2015	Y ^{vii}	Y ^{viii}	Y* ^{ix}
Egypt	31/03/2015	Y* ^x	Endemic	N
Germany	26/01/2015	N	Y* ^{xi}	Y ^{xii}
Hong Kong	05/05/2015	Y ^{xiii}	Y ^{xiv}	Y* ^{xv}
Hungary	25/02/2015	N	Y* ^{xvi}	N
India	25/03/2015	N	Y ^{xvii}	Y* ^{xviii}
Indonesia	31/03/2015	Y* ^{xix}	Endemic	N
Israel	12/02/2015	N	Y* ^{xx}	N
Italy	16/12/2014	N	Y* ^{xxi}	N
Japan	20/02/2015	N	Y ^{xxii}	Y* ^{xxiii}
Mainland China				
Anhui	06/05/2015	Y* ^{xxiv}	N	N
Fujian	10/05/2015	Y* ^{xxv}	N	N
Guangdong	07/03/2015	Y* ^{xxvi}	N	N
Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region	25/02/2015	N	N	Y* ^{xxvii}
Guizhou	09/03/2015	Y* ^{xxviii}	N	N
Henan	16/01/2015	N	N	Y* ^{xxix}
Hubei	26/4/2015	Y* ^{xxx}	N	N
Hunan	09/03/2015	Y* ^{xxxi}	Y ^{xxxi}	N
Jiangsu	10/05/2015	Y* ^{xxxiii, xxxiv}	Y ^{xxxv}	N
Jiangxi	02/05/2015	Y* ^{xxxi}	Y ^{xxxvii}	N
Shandong	10/04/2015	Y* ^{xxviii}	N	N
Shanghai	07/04/2015	Y* ^{xxix}	N	N
Sichuan	13/03/2015	Y* ^{xl}	N	N
Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region	04/02/2015	Y* ^{xli}	N	N
Yunnan	03/04/2015	Y* ^{xlii}	N	N
Zhejiang	10/05/2015	Y* ^{xliii}	N	N
Mexico	08/04/2015	N	Y* ^{xliv}	N
Myanmar	28/02/2015	N	Y* ^{xlv}	N
Netherlands	03/12/2014	N	Y* ^{xlii}	N
Niger	21/04/2015	N	Y* ^{xlvii}	N

ⁱⁱⁱ On 16 April 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Bhutan tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{iv} On 4 February 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Bulgaria tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^v On 26 March 2015, OIE reported that a bird specimen in Bulgaria tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{vi} On 9 May 2015, OIE reported that a poultry specimens in Burkina Faso tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{vii} On 2 February 2015, the Canadian health authorities reported a second human case of avian influenza A(H7N9). The patient had returned to Canada from Mainland China.

^{viii} On 28 April 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Canada were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2).

^{ix} On 1 May 2015, OIE reported that a bird sample in Canada was tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).

^x On 31 March 2015, WHO reported additional confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Egypt.

^{xi} On 26 January 2015, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8) was reported in birds in Germany.

^{xii} On 9 January 2015, OIE reported that bird specimens in Germany tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{xiii} On 22 February 2015, CHP confirmed an imported human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Hong Kong.

^{xiv} On 2 January 2015, OIE reported that samples from live chickens imported from Guangdong were tested positive for avian influenza A(H7N9) in Hong Kong.

^{xv} On 5 May 2015, the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department (AFCD) reported that an Oriental magpie robin found in Hong Kong was tested positive for avian influenza A(H5N6).

^{xvi} On 25 February 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Hungary tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{xvii} On 18 March 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in India tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{xviii} On 25 March 2015, OIE reported that bird specimens in India tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{xix} On 31 March 2015, WHO reported new confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Indonesia.

^{xx} On 12 February 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Israel were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{xxi} On 16 December 2014, specimens from poultry in Italy tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{xxii} On 20 January 2015, specimens from poultry in Japan tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{xxiii} On 20 February 2015, specimen from a wild bird in Japan tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{xxiv} On 6 May 2015, CHP is closely monitoring additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Anhui Province.

^{xxv} On 10 May 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Fujian Province.

^{xxvi} On 7 March 2015, CHP received notification from the Health and Family Planning Commission of Guangdong Province regarding additional confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Guangdong Province.

^{xxvii} On 25 February 2015, OIE reported that tigers in a zoo in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{xxviii} On 9 March 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Guizhou Province.

^{xxix} On 16 January 2015, OIE reported that bird specimens in Henan province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{xxx} On 26 April 2015, one new human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) was reported by the Health and Family Planning Commission of Hubei Province.

^{xxxi} On 9 March 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Hunan Province.

^{xxii} On 6 February 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Hunan province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N6).

^{xxiii} On 10 May 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Jiangsu Province.

^{xxiv} On 28 January 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding a human case of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Jiangsu Province.

^{xxv} On 3 April 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Jiangsu province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N6).

^{xxvi} On 2 May 2015, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Jiangxi.

^{xxvii} On 9 January 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Jiangxi province were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{xxviii} On 10 April 2015, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Shandong.

^{xxix} On 7 April 2015, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Shanghai.

^{xxi} On 13 March 2015, CHP is closely monitoring an additional human case of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Sichuan.

^{xxii} On 4 February 2015, CHP received notification from NHFPC regarding additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region.

^{xxiii} On 3 April 2015, WHO reported a confirmed human case of avian influenza A(H5N1) in Yunnan, China.

^{xxiv} On 10 May 2015, CHP was closely monitoring additional human cases of avian influenza A(H7N9) in Zhejiang Province.

^{xxv} On 8 April 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Mexico were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H7N3).

^{xxvi} On 28 February 2015, OIE reported that samples from poultry in Myanmar were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{xxvii} On 3 December 2014, OIE reported that poultry specimens in the Netherlands were tested positive for avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{xxviii} On 21 April 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Niger were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

Country/Area	Date of last report	Human cases	Poultry cases/ environmental samples	Wild bird cases/ others
Nigeria	02/03/2015	N	Y* ^{xviii}	N
Palestinian Autonomous Territories	13/04/2015	N	Y* ^{xlix}	N
Republic of Korea	13/03/2015	N	Y* ^l	N
Romania	30/03/2015	N	N	Y* ^{li}
Russia	27/04/2015	N	N	Y* ^{lii}
Sweden	20/03/2015	N	N	Y* ^{liii}
Taiwan	11/05/2015	N	Y* ^{lv}	Y ^{lv}
Turkey	11/05/2015	N	Y* ^{lvii}	N
United Kingdom	17/11/2014	N	Y* ^{lvii}	N
United States	08/05/2015	N	Y* ^{lviii}	Y ^{lx}
Vietnam	27/04/2015	N	Y* ^{lx}	N

^{xviii} On 2 March 2015, OIE reported that poultry specimens in Nigeria tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{xlix} On 13 April 2015, OIE reported that samples from poultry in the Palestinian Autonomous Territories were tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5).

^l On 13 March 2015, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8) was reported in poultry farms in the Republic of Korea.

^{li} On 30 March 2015, OIE reported that birds in Romania tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{lii} On 27 April 2015, OIE reported that wild birds in Russia tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{liii} On 20 March 2015, OIE reported that samples from wild birds in Sweden tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{lv} On 11 May 2015, OIE reported that highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2) was detected in poultry in Taiwan.

^{lv} On 17 February 2015, OIE reported that highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2) and A(H5N3) were detected in birds in Taiwan.

^{lvii} On 11 May 2015, OIE reported that poultry samples in Turkey tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1).

^{lviii} On 17 November 2014, OIE reported that poultry samples in the United Kingdom tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{lx} On 11 May 2015, the United States Department of Agriculture reported that poultry samples in the United States tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N8).

^{lx} On 24 April 2015, OIE reported that wild bird samples in the United States tested positive for highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N2).

^{lx} On 27 April 2015, highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N6) was reported in poultry in Vietnam.

Table 10. Confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC since 2003 (by date of reporting)

Country	Cumulative no. of cases (December 2003 to May 2015)	No. of recent cases [^] (February to May 2015)
Azerbaijan	8	0
Bangladesh	7	0
Cambodia	56	0
Canada	1	0
China	52	4
Djibouti	1	0
Egypt	329	102
Indonesia	199	2
Iraq	3	0
Laos	2	0
Myanmar	1	0
Nigeria	1	0
Pakistan	3	0
Thailand	25	0
Turkey	12	0
Vietnam	127	0
Overall	827	108

[^] Details of recent cases (February to May 2015) are listed in *Table 11*.

Table 11. Details of the recent confirmed human cases of avian influenza A(H5N1) reported to WHO / NHFPC (February to May 2015) (Sources: WHO, NHFPC)

Date of report	Country	Province / Region	District / City	Sex	Age	Outcome at the time of reporting
3/3/2015	Egypt	Gharbia		F	60	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Matroh		F	35	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		M	35	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		F	48	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menofiya		M	32	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Giza		F	31	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menofiya		F	42	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo		F	4	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		F	34	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira		F	16	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menia		F	35	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menia		F	47	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo		F	75	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo		M	36	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira		F	19	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		F	42	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Suez		F	2	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Qalioubia		F	3	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Qena		F	13	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Aswan		M	47	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		F	42	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Qalioubia		M	3	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Fayoum		F	3	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Dakahlia		F	35	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sohag		M	44	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Alexandria		M	2.5	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Giza		F	1.6	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo		F	38	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Qalioubia		M	2.6	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menia		M	16	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira		M	5	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menofiya		F	35	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira		M	2	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Assiut		F	42	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo		M	42	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		M	39	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo		M	35	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Giza		F	5	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo		F	2	

3/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo		M	32	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Fayoum		F	22	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Dakahlia		M	28	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo		F	4.5	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Qaliyoubia		M	38	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Qaliyoubia		F	3.5	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Fayoum		F	3	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		M	2	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Fayoum		F	16	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menia		M	2.5	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira		F	10 months	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		F	3	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menia		M	5	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menia		M	27	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Damietta		M	17	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		M	26	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Dakahlia		F	32	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menofiya		F	32	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Fayoum		M	34	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Dakahlia		M	45	Fatal
3/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia		M	2	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Dakahlia		F	20	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Gharbia		F	46	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Gharbia		F	18	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira		F	2	
3/3/2015	Egypt	Menia		M	1.5	
13/3/2015	China	Sichuan	Suining	M	46	Fatal
23/3/2015	China	Yunnan	Kunming	M	34	Serious
25/3/2015	China	Yunnan	Kunming	M	17	Critical
31/3/2015	Egypt	Kafr el Sheikh	-	F	22	Fatal
31/3/2015	Egypt	Dakahlia	-	M	5	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Dakahlia	-	M	3	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	F	3.5	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Fayoum	-	M	12	Fatal
31/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo	-	F	42	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	F	43	Fatal
31/3/2015	Egypt	Cairo	-	F	33	Fatal
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	F	16	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	F	24	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira	-	M	55	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Giza	-	F	43	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Giza	-	F	53	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Qaliyoubia	-	M	3	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Menia	-	M	5	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira	-	F	32	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Qena	-	F	34	Fatal
31/3/2015	Egypt	Qena	-	F	35	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Menia	-	M	18	-

31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	F	31	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira	-	F	3	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira	-	F	7	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	M	50	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Dakahlia	-	F	77	Fatal
31/3/2015	Egypt	Giza	-	F	25	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Kafr el Sheikh	-	M	32	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	F	32	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Beheira	-	M	1.5	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	F	4	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sohag	-	F	28	Fatal
31/3/2015	Egypt	Dakahlia	-	F	7 month	Discharged
31/3/2015	Egypt	Menoufiya	-	F	4	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	F	42	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Sharkia	-	M	4	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Fayoum	-	M	3.5	-
31/3/2015	Egypt	Port Said	-	F	42	Fatal
31/3/2015	Egypt	Assuit	-	M	1	-
31/3/2015	Indonesia	Banten	-	M	40	Fatal
31/3/2015	Indonesia	Banten	-	M	2	Fatal
3/4/2015	China	Yunnan	Chuxiong	M	6	Recovered

Avian Influenza Report is a weekly report produced by the Respiratory Disease Office, Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health. This report highlights global avian influenza activity in humans and birds.